Causeway



International Value Equity Quarterly Webcast June 30, 2024

Los Angeles, CA Dallas, TX Bryn Mawr, PA Melbourne, Australia Shanghai, China (Subsidiary) www.causewaycap.com

Solely for the use of institutional investors and professional advisers. GIPS Report and Disclosures begin on page 30 of the presentation.

Snapshot

as of June 30, 2024

ASSETS*

Total Assets (USD)

24,143,246,726

* Total strategy assets differs from total Composite assets because certain accounts are in different Composites

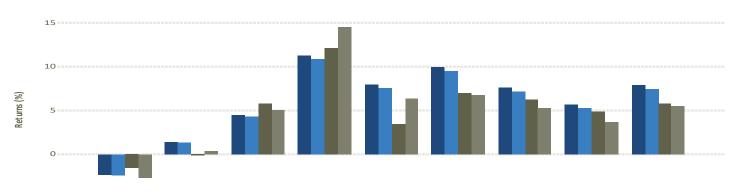
CHARACTERISTICS									
	International								
	Value	MSCI EAFE	MSCI EAFE Value						
No. of Holdings	68	742	468						
Wtd Avg Mkt Cap (Mn)	76,877	88,712	63,795						
FY2 P/E	10.9x	13.2x	9.8x						
P/B Value	1.6x	1.9x	1.3x						
Dividend Yield	3.2%	3.0%	4.4%						
Return on Equity	14.4%	12.4%	11.4%						

Wtd Avg Mkt Cap is a weighted average of the total market capitalization of stocks in the portfolio or index. FY2 P/E is the weighted harmonic average 2-year analysts' consensus forecast price-toearnings ratio. Price to earnings is a ratio for valuing a company that measures its current share price relative to its per-share earnings. Price-to-book (P/B) value evaluates a firm's market value relative to its book value and is a weighted harmonic average. Return on Equity measures how efficiently a company is generating income from the equity investments of its shareholders. Return on Equity is calculated as a weighted average, winsorized using maximum Return on Equity figures at 3 standard deviations from the mean (winsorization is a statistical technique intended to remove the impact of outliers). Characteristics are derived from a representative account using the International Value Equity strategy.



Performance

COMPOSITE PERFORMANCE for the periods ended June 30, 2024



	-5 Month	Quarter	Year to Date	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	7 Years	10 Years	Since Inception
International Value (Gross)	-2.38	1.38	4.48	11.28	7.93	9.95	7.58	5.72	7.91
International Value (Net)	-2.40	1.29	4.30	10.86	7.53	9.53	7.16	5.30	7.48
MSCI EAFE (Gross)	-1.59	-0.17	5.75	12.09	3.43	6.98	6.25	4.84	5.73
MSCI EAFE Value (Gross)	-2.75	0.36	5.08	14.54	6.31	6.76	5.27	3.65	5.48

Inception Date: 06/11/2001

Returns are in USD. Index returns are presented gross or net of tax withholdings on income and dividends. The gross composite performance presented is before management and custody fees but after trading expenses. Net composite performance is presented after the deduction of actual management fees, performance-based fees, and all trading expenses, but before custody fees. Composite performance is primarily net of foreign dividend withholdings. Annualized for periods greater than one year. See end of presentation for important disclosures regarding the composite. This information supplements the attached composite presentation. Performance quoted is past performance. Past performance is not an indication of future results.



International Value Equity

Representative Account Industry Group Exposure & Index Performance

for the quarter ended June 30, 2024 (as a result of bottom-up stock selection)

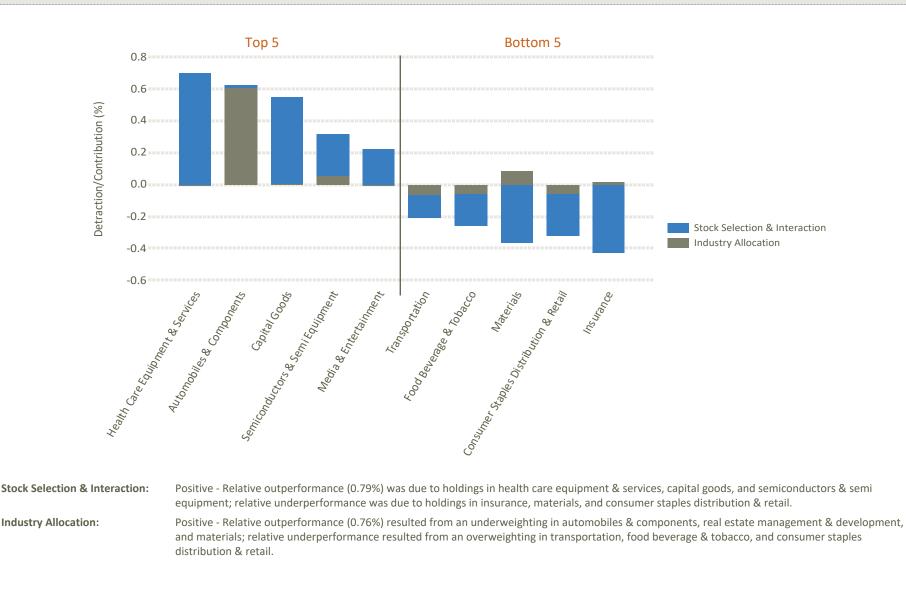
	ortfolio hts (%)	MSCI EAFE Weights (%)	vs Index Weights (%)	Index Returns (%)	Relat	tive V	Veight	(%)	
Media & Entertainment	1.3	1.5	-0.1	2.2	Underweig	ht	Ov	erweig	ht
Telecommunication Services	2.2	2.6	-0.4	-0.1	5			5	
Communication Services	3.5	4.1	-0.6	0.7					
Automobiles & Components	0.0	4.0	-4.0	-13.3					
Consumer Discretionary Distribution & Reta	il 1.6	1.7	0.0	-4.5	Technology Hardware & Equipment				
Consumer Durables & Apparel	3.4	4.1	-0.7	-6.7	Food Beverage & Tobacco				
Consumer Services	0.7	1.6	-0.9	-5.9	Energy				
Consumer Discretionary	5.8	11.5	-5.7	-8.7					
Consumer Staples Distribution & Retail	2.2	1.1	1.1	-3.7	Software & Services				
Food Beverage & Tobacco	7.2	5.0	2.2	-2.6	Transportation				
Household & Personal Products	2.4	2.5	-0.1	2.8	Consumer Staples Distribution & Retail				
Consumer Staples	11.8	8.5	3.3	-1.2	Utilities				
Energy	6.0	4.1	1.9	1.4	Semiconductors & Semi Equipment				1
Energy	6.0	4.1	1.9	1.4				- 1	
Banks	10.7	10.7	0.0	5.7	Equity Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs)				
Financial Services	0.9	3.9	-3.1	-0.9	Insurance				
Insurance	5.3	5.3	0.0	3.5	Banks				
Financials	16.9	20.0	-3.1	3.8	Consumer Discretionary Distribution & Retail			- 1	
Health Care Equipment & Services	1.8	2.3	-0.5	-1.8	Household & Personal Products			i i	
Pharmaceuticals & Biotechnology	10.5	11.2	-0.7	6.3					
Health Care	12.3	13.5	-1.1	4.8	Media & Entertainment			_	
Capital Goods	12.4	12.9	-0.5	-1.2	Telecommunication Services				
Commercial & Professional Services	1.4	2.2	-0.9	5.8	Health Care Equipment & Services				
Transportation	3.4	1.8	1.7	-3.3	Capital Goods				
Industrials	17.2	16.9	0.3	-0.6	Pharmaceuticals & Biotechnology				
Semiconductors & Semi Equipment	4.8	4.6	0.1	0.9	Consumer Durables & Apparel				
Software & Services	4.7	2.8	1.9	-1.3					
Technology Hardware & Equipment	5.7	2.1	3.6	1.2	Commercial & Professional Services				
Information Technology	15.2	9.5	5.6	0.3	Consumer Services				
Materials	5.3	6.7	-1.4	-3.0	Real Estate Management & Development				
Materials	5.3	6.7	-1.4	-3.0	Materials				
Equity Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs)		1.0	0.1	-3.6	Financial Services		and the second se		
Real Estate Management & Development	0.0	1.0	-1.0	-9.3					
Real Estate	1.1	2.0	-0.9	-6.6	Automobiles & Components				
Utilities	4.1	3.1	1.0	1.1					
Utilities	4.1	3.1	1.0	1.1	-6.0 -	-4.0	-2.0	0.0	2.0
EQUITY	99.3	100.0	-	-					
CASH	0.7	0.0	-	-					
TOTAL	100.0	100.0	-	-0.2					

Index returns are in base currency. Index Source: MSCI. Relative weight defined as Representative Account weight minus Index weight.



Representative Account Industry Group Attribution

REPRESENTATIVE ACCOUNT vs. MSCI EAFE (Gross) for the quarter ended June 30, 2024



Before investment advisory fees. Past performance is not an indication of future results.



Representative Account Geographic Exposure and Index Performance

for the quarter ended June 30, 2024 (as a result of bottom-up stock selection)

	Portfolio Weights (%)	MSCI EAFE Weights (%)	vs Index Weights (%)	Index Returns (%)		Portfolio Weights (%)	MSCI EAFE Weights (%)	vs Index Weights (%)	Index Returns (%)
Israel	0.1	0.7	-0.7	-4.0	Brazil	0.4	0.0	0.4	0.0
Africa / Mideast	0.1	0.7	-0.7	-	China	1.3	0.0	1.3	7.2
Austria	0.0	0.2	-0.2	9.0	South Korea	4.7	0.0	4.7	-1.1
Belgium	1.7	1.0	0.7	1.5	EMERGING SUBTOTAL	6.4	0.0	-	-
Finland	0.0	1.0	-1.0	3.4					
France	16.3	11.2	5.1	-7.0		Relativ	ve Weight (%)		
Germany	9.2	8.7	0.5	-0.8		Underweight	Overweig	nht	
Ireland	0.6	0.3	0.3	-0.3		onderweight	overweig	, inc	
Italy	4.4	2.7	1.7	-2.7	United Kingdom				
Netherlands	5.9	5.4	0.5	5.1				-	•
Portugal	0.0	0.2	-0.2	9.3	France				
Spain	2.9	2.7	0.3	-1.4					
Euro	41.1	33.3	7.7	-	South Korea				
Denmark	0.0	4.0	-4.0	7.5					
Norway	0.0	0.6	-0.6	7.5	Italy				
Sweden	0.0	3.2	-3.2	2.4	italy				
Switzerland	4.5	9.7	-5.2	3.6	Ganada				
United Kingdom	33.9	14.9	19.0	3.7	Canada				
Europe - Other	38.4	32.4	6.0	-					
Canada	1.6	0.0	1.6	-1.9	Sweden				
North America	1.6	0.0	1.6	-					
Australia	0.0	7.5	-7.5	1.7	Denmark				
Hong Kong	0.5	1.8	-1.2	0.9					
Japan	10.2	22.7	-12.5	-4.2	Switzerland				
New Zealand	0.0	0.2	-0.2	3.2					
Singapore	1.0	1.4	-0.3	8.9	Australia				
Pacific	11.8	33.5	-21.8	-					
DEVELOPED SUBTOTAL	92.8	100.0	-	-	Japan				
EMERGING SUBTOTAL	6.4	0.0	-	-					
CASH	0.7	0.0	-	-					
TOTAL	100.0	100.0	-	-0.2	-15.0	-10.0 -5.0 0.0	0 5.0 10.0	15.0	20.0
					-15.0	-10.0 -2.0 0.0	0 5.0 10.0	13.0	20.0

Index returns are in base currency. Index Source: MSCI. Relative weight defined as Representative Account weight minus Index weight.



International Value Equity

June 30, 2024

Representative Account Absolute Significant Contributors and Detractors

for the quarter ended June 30, 2024

Largest Absolute Contributors

		Portfolio	Contribution to	0	
Company Name	Weight ⁽¹⁾	Return	Return ⁽²⁾	Country	Industry Group
Koninklijke Philips NV	1.8%	30.2%	0.66%	Netherlands	Health Care Equipment & Services
Rolls-Royce Holdings Plc	4.5%	7.3%	0.42%	United Kingdom	Capital Goods
Barclays PLC	3.3%	14.1%	0.41%	United Kingdom	Banks
AstraZeneca PLC	2.1%	15.8%	0.40%	United Kingdom	Pharmaceuticals & Biotechnology
Alstom SA	3.8%	18.1%	0.35%	France	Capital Goods
Tencent Holdings Ltd.	1.3%	24.0%	0.25%	China	Media & Entertainment
Roche Holding AG	2.8%	8.9%	0.24%	Switzerland	Pharmaceuticals & Biotechnology
Shell	3.1%	8.8%	0.22%	United Kingdom	Energy
Murata Manufacturing Co. Ltd.	1.6%	10.5%	0.17%	Japan	Technology Hardware & Equipment
Enel SpA	2.4%	5.4%	0.15%	Italy	Utilities

Largest Absolute Detractors

		Portfolio	Contribution to	D	
Company Name	Weight ⁽¹⁾	Return	Return ⁽²⁾	Country	Industry Group
Akzo Nobel	2.2%	-16.6%	-0.38%	Netherlands	Materials
Diageo Plc	2.1%	-14.8%	-0.37%	United Kingdom	Food Beverage & Tobacco
Seven & i Holdings Co., Ltd.	1.4%	-16.4%	-0.24%	Japan	Consumer Staples Distribution & Retail
Ryanair Holdings Plc - ADR	0.6%	-20.2%	-0.19%	Ireland	Transportation
GSK Plc	1.9%	-9.5%	-0.18%	United Kingdom	Pharmaceuticals & Biotechnology
Canadian Pacific Kansas City Ltd.	1.6%	-10.7%	-0.17%	Canada	Transportation
Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.	4.1%	-2.8%	-0.15%	South Korea	Technology Hardware & Equipment
VH Smith Plc	0.9%	-14.1%	-0.14%	United Kingdom	Consumer Discretionary Distribution & Retail
Carrefour SA	0.8%	-12.6%	-0.12%	France	Consumer Staples Distribution & Retail
AIR Liquide	1.5%	-7.0%	-0.11%	France	Materials

(1)Ending period weights

(2)Geometric average using daily returns and weights

Holdings are subject to change. The securities identified and described above do not represent all of the securities purchased, sold or recommended for client accounts. The reader should not assume that an investment in the securities identified was or will be profitable. Past performance is not an indication of future results. For a description of our performance attribution methodology, or to obtain a list showing every holding's contribution to the overall account's performance during the quarter, please contact our product manager, Kevin Moutes, at 310-231-6116 or moutes@causewaycap.com.



Representative Account Significant Changes

for the quarter ended June 30, 2024

Increases	Country	Industry Group	% Beginning Weight	% Ending Weight	Reason*
Renesas Electronics Corp.	Japan	Semiconductors & Semi Equipment	0.5%	2.4%	CD
Fujitsu Ltd.	Japan	Software & Services	0.0%	1.4%	CD
Compagnie de Saint-Gobain SA	France	Capital Goods	0.4%	1.6%	CD, ER
Standard Chartered Plc	United Kingdom	Banks	0.0%	0.8%	IL
Shell	United Kingdom	Energy	2.4%	3.1%	RV
Infineon Technologies AG	Germany	Semiconductors & Semi Equipment	1.3%	1.9%	CD, IL
Kering SA	France	Consumer Durables & Apparel	2.2%	2.7%	IL, RV
ArcelorMittal SA	France	Materials	0.0%	0.5%	CD, IL
Akzo Nobel	Netherlands	Materials	2.1%	2.2%	CD, IL

Decreases	Country	Industry Group	% Beginning Weight	% Ending Weight Reason
Rolls-Royce Holdings Plc	United Kingdom	Capital Goods	5.9%	4.5% RB
Allianz SE	Germany	Insurance	1.5%	0.7% RV
Vinci	France	Capital Goods	0.9%	0.2% RV
Alimentation Couche-Tard	Canada	Consumer Staples Distribution & Retail	0.7%	0.0% RV
Compagnie Financière Richemont SA	Switzerland	Consumer Durables & Apparel	0.6%	0.0% RV
ING Groep NV	Netherlands	Banks	1.9%	1.3% RV
Assa Abloy AB	Sweden	Capital Goods	0.6%	0.0% RV
Anglo American Plc	United Kingdom	Materials	0.5%	0.0% RV
AstraZeneca PLC	United Kingdom	Pharmaceuticals & Biotechnology	2.4%	2.1% RV
Koninklijke Philips NV	Netherlands	Health Care Equipment & Services	2.1%	1.8% RV

*Key: CA = Corporate Action CD = Cyclical Discount ER = Earnings Revision FR = Fundamental Review IL = Industry Laggard RB = Rebalance of Security Weightings RV = Relative Value

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Representative Account Top 10 Holdings

as of June 30, 2024

Aggregate Weight: 32.2%

1. Rolls-Royce Holdings Plc

Capital Goods, United Kingdom

Rolls-Royce Holdings plc manufactures aero, marine, and industrial gas turbines for civil and military aircraft. The Company designs, constructs, and installs power generation, transmission, and distribution systems and equipment for the marine propulsion, oil and gas pumping, and defense markets.

2. Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.

Technology Hardware & Equipment, South Korea

Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. manufactures a wide range of consumer and industrial electronic equipment and products such as semiconductors, personal computers, peripherals, monitors, televisions, and home appliances including air conditioners and microwave ovens. The Company also produces Internet access network systems and telecommunications equipment including mobile phones.

3. Alstom SA

Capital Goods, France

Alstom develops and markets integrated systems for transportation sector. The Company designs and offers high-speed trains, metros, trams and e-buses to integrated systems, customized services, infrastructure, signaling, and digital mobility solutions. Alstom serves customers worldwide.

4. Barclays PLC

Banks, United Kingdom

Barclays PLC is a global financial services provider engaged in retail banking, credit cards, wholesale banking, investment banking, wealth management, and investment management services.

5. Shell

Energy, United Kingdom

Shell PLC explores and refines petroleum products. The Company produces and imports fuels, chemicals, and lubricants, as well as operates service station networks. Shell serves clients worldwide.

6. BP Plc

4.5%

4.1%

3.8%

3.3%

3.1%

Energy, United Kingdom

BP P.L.C is an energy company. The Company explores and produces oil and natural gas, refines, markets, and supplies petroleum products, as well as generates solar energy, and manufactures and markets chemicals such as terephthalic acid, acetic acid, acrylonitrile, ethylene, and polyethylene. BP serves customers worldwide.

7. Roche Holding AG

Pharmaceuticals & Biotechnology, Switzerland

Roche Holding AG develops and manufactures pharmaceutical and diagnostic products. The Company produces prescription drugs in the areas of cardiovascular, infectious, autoimmune, respiratory diseases, dermatology, metabolic disorders, oncology, transplantation, and the central nervous system. Roche Holding serves customers worldwide.

8. Kering SA

Consumer Durables & Apparel, France

Kering designs, manufactures, and markets fashion and leather goods. The Company specializes in ready-to-wear products, sports goods, shoes, jewelry, and watches. Kering serves customers worldwide.

9. Prudential Plc

Insurance, United Kingdom

Prudential Public Limited Company provides long term savings and protection products. The Company offers life and health insurance for long term business including asset management services. Prudential serves customers in Asia and Africa.

10. Enel SpA

Utilities, Italy

Enel SpA operates as a multinational power company and an integrated player in the global power, gas, and renewables markets. The Company produces energy and distributes electricity for business and household end users globally. Enel manages wind, solar, geothermal, and hydropower plants in Europe, the Americas, Africa, Asia, and Oceania.

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2.8%

2.7%

2.5%

2.4%

Investment Outlook – 3Q 2024

Financial Markets and Economy:

- Global equities had a mixed performance in Q2'24, with investor demand for AI-related technology pushing the Taiwan stock exchange, NASDAQ, and the S&P 500 ahead of most other markets. We believe any perceived deterioration of AI-related fundamentals could threaten this narrow rally.
- > India and Taiwan carried the emerging markets index to a 4% gain in the quarter, while China remained a performance drag.
- > Overall, monetary tightening to date in many of the world's economies is working to slow economic growth, albeit with long and variable lags.
- Most central banks have tamed inflation. Yet the absolute prices for goods and services are considerably higher today than a few years ago, angering many voters. In the US, equity markets and home prices have reached new highs, supporting household net worth. Higher-for-even-longer interest rates in the US may eventually pose challenges for leveraged household and commercial balances sheets in the domestic economy.
- The ECB may cut rates again in 4Q this year, while the Fed may wait for data confirming the downtrend in stubborn core services inflation (especially transportation and medical care services).
- Political risks are clouding the outlook for the eurozone economy. Currently, the high likelihood of French President Macron's centrist party losing power to more extreme opponents create uncertainty for businesses.
- > Japanese markets have been heavily influenced by currency weakness, a boon for large exporters. The MSCI Japan Index ended the quarter slightly up in local terms, down in dollar terms, and trading and slightly higher earnings multiple.
- Consumption in China should remain weak for as long as it takes to restructure the domestic property market. Amplified trade sanctions would add to domestic challenges. We expect a very gradual economic recovery in China.

Portfolio Outlook:

- > Narrow, momentum-led markets crowd investors into areas that typically look expensive to us.
- The June EU elections revealed voter dissatisfaction, threatening President Macron's centrist coalition. As European financials sold off ahead of the results, we responded to their more attractive valuations and added to certain positions.
- Within the US technology sector, we have found, in our view, undervalued stocks in all three phases of the generative AI cycle: Building (memory and power management semiconductors), Delivery (network infrastructure and end-devices) and Deployment (AI software and services).
- We also remain focused on the long-term rewards of operational restructuring. In our experience, capable and motivated management teams of underearning companies can and often do boost shareholder returns.
- > Importantly, we aim to identify and buy these stocks many months before markets perceive positive catalysts.

Please see the end of the presentation for disclosures regarding the risks of investing in Causeway's strategies. Past performance does not guarantee future results.



Rolls-Royce: Amid Strong Performance, We Have Sold Shares

WE BELIEVE THE INVESTMENT REMAINS ATTRACTIVE AND WE ANTICIPATE THE COMPANY'S FREE CASH FLOW SHOULD CONTINUE TO IMPROVE

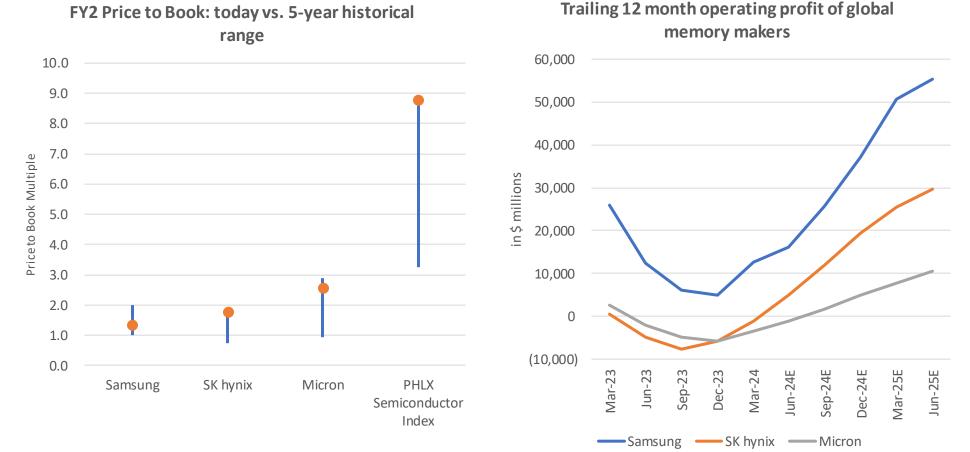


Data as of June 30, 2024. Sources: Causeway analysis, FactSet. Transaction data reflects a representative Causeway international value equity account with total shares indexed to a beginning value of 100. This material is solely for client use and may not be reproduced without Causeway's consent. The company is a top four holding in a representative account in the international value strategy. The views herein represent an assessment of a company at a specific time and are subject to change. There is no guarantee that any forecast made will come to pass. This information should not be relied on as investment advice and is not a recommendation to buy or sell any security. The securities identified and described do not represent all of the securities purchased, sold, or recommended for client accounts. Our investment portfolios may or may not hold the securities mentioned. The reader should not assume that an investment in the securities identified was or will be profitable. For performance in your overall portfolio, see elsewhere in the report.



Samsung: A Steep Valuation Discount Vs. Global Semiconductor Peers Should Narrow As Profit Recovery Accelerates

AS A LEADING SEMICONDUCTOR AND SMARTPHONE MAKER, SAMSUNG SHOULD BE WELL-POSITIONED FOR "BUILDING" AND "DELIVERY" PHASES OF AI CYCLE



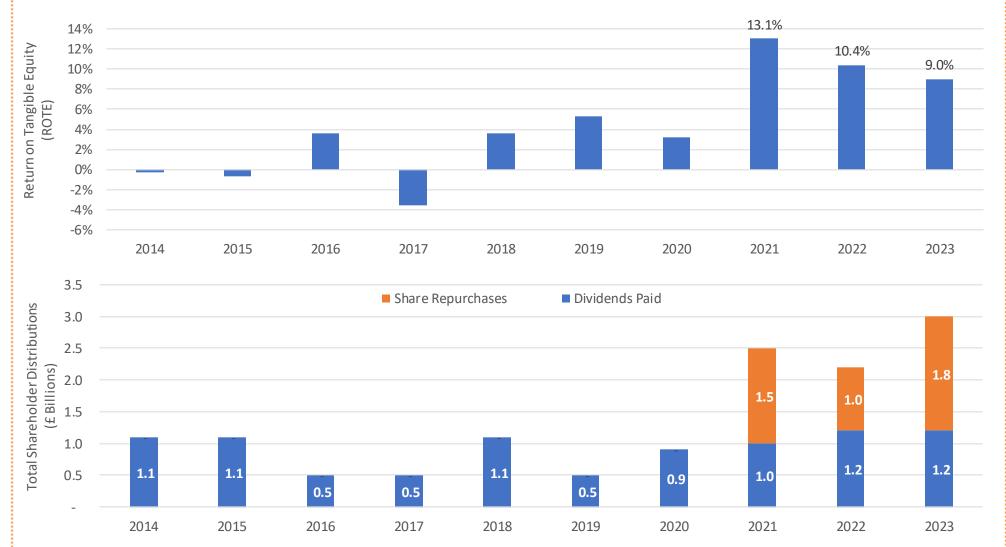
Sources: Factset. Company data, CCM research (Samsung Electronics and SK hynix forward estimates), Factset (Micron forward estimates). Samsung, SK Hynix, and Micron are the top global memory semiconductor manufacturers. The PHLX Semiconductor Sector is a Philadelphia Stock Exchange capitalization-weighted index composed of the 30 largest U.S. companies primarily involved in the design, distribution, manufacture, and sale of semiconductors. This material is solely for client use and may not be reproduced without Causeway's consent. The company is a top four holding in a representative account in the international value strategy. The data reflects Causeway research's estimates. The views herein represent an assessment of a company at a specific time and are subject to change. There is no guarantee that any forecast made will come to pass. This information should not be relied on as investment advice and is not a recommendation to buy or sell any security. The securities identified and described do not represent all of the securities purchased, sold, or recommended for client accounts. Our investment portfolios may or may not hold the securities mentioned. The reader should not assume



International Value Equity June 30, 2024

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Barclays plc: Robust Returns On Equity Have Supported Continued Capital Returns To Shareholders



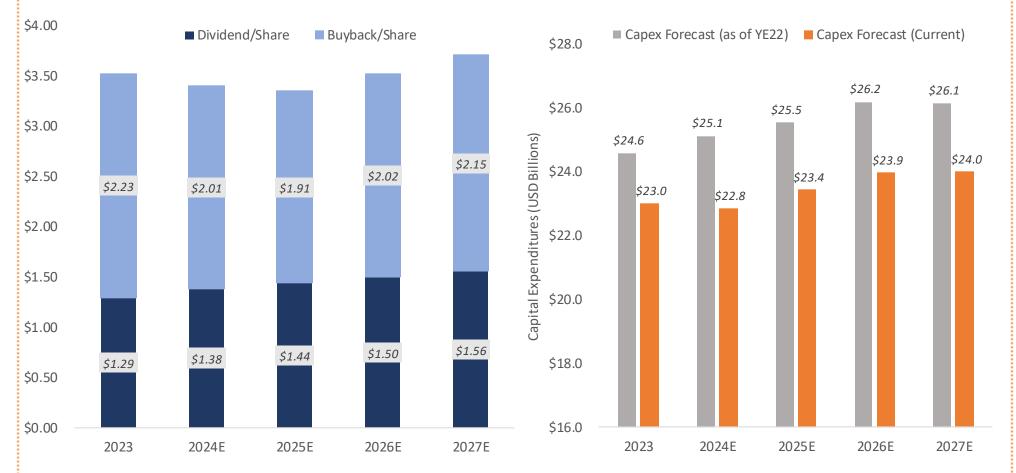
Data as of June 30, 2024. Sources: Company reports, Causeway analysis, FactSet. This material is solely for client use and may not be reproduced without Causeway's consent. The company is a top four holding in a representative account in the international value strategy. The data reflects Causeway research's estimates. The views herein represent an assessment of a company at a specific time and are subject to change. There is no guarantee that any forecast made will come to pass. This information should not be relied on as investment advice and is not a recommendation to buy or sell any security. The securities identified and described do not represent all of the securities purchased, sold, or recommended for client accounts. Our investment portfolios may or may not hold the securities mentioned. The reader should not assume that an investment in the securities identified was or will be profitable. For performance in your overall portfolio, see elsewhere in the report.



International Value Equity

Shell plc: A Returns-Focused Management Team Is Improving Capital Allocation And Increasing Shareholder Distributions

MANAGEMENT HAS LOWERED CAPITAL EXPENDITURE TARGETS TO FOCUS ON THE HIGHEST-RETURNING PROJECTS



Data as of June 30, 2024. Sources: Company reports, Causeway analysis, FactSet. "Capex" are capital expenditures. The data above reflects Causeway research's estimate of underlying FCF. This material is solely for client use and may not be reproduced without Causeway's consent. The company is a top four developed market holding in a representative account in the international value strategy. The views herein represent an assessment of a company at a specific time and are subject to change. There is no guarantee that any forecast made will come to pass. This information should not be relied on as investment advice and is not a recommendation to buy or sell any security. The securities identified and described do not represent all of the securities purchased, sold, or recommended for client accounts. Our investment portfolios may or may not hold the securities mentioned. The reader should not assume that an investment in the securities identified was or will be profitable. For performance in your overall portfolio, see elsewhere in the report.



Exposure to Three Phases of AI Investment Opportunities

CAUSEWAY INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY AND COMMUNICATION SERVICES HOLDINGS

Phase 1: Building

The current phase. Focused on semiconductors for computing infrastructure.

Phase Two: Delivery

Involves network infrastructure and end-devices. Cloud service providers and PC & smartphone manufacturers could benefit.

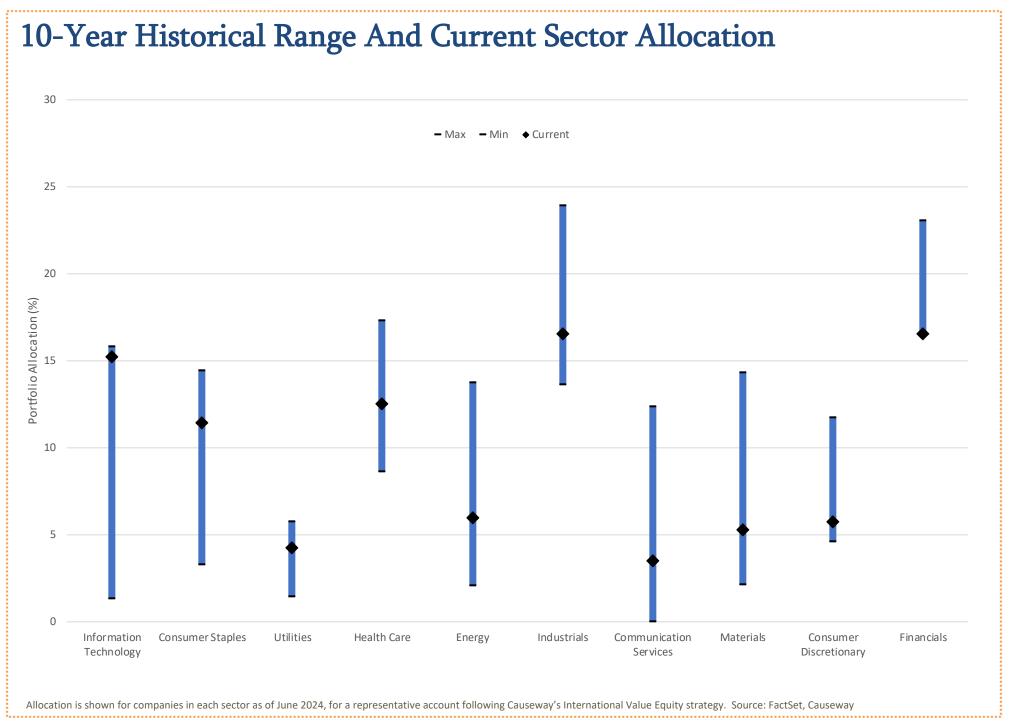
Phase Three: Deployment

Software & services providers expected to drive productivity. IT service providers can lead enterprise AI adoption and market expansion.

Infineon Renesas Samsung Electronics SK hynix Murata Manufacturing Samsung Electronics Sk hynix Fujitsu SAP Tencent

Data as of June 2024. Source: Causeway Capital Management LLC. Holdings in the Information Technology and Communication Services sectors not listed above include Deutsche Telekom. Holdings are from a representative account in the international value strategy. This information should not be relied on as investment advice and is not a recommendation to buy or sell any security. The securities identified and described do not represent all of the securities purchased, sold, or recommended for client accounts. Our investment portfolios may or may not hold the securities mentioned. The reader should not assume that an investment in the securities identified was or will be profitable. For performance in your overall portfolio, see elsewhere in the report.

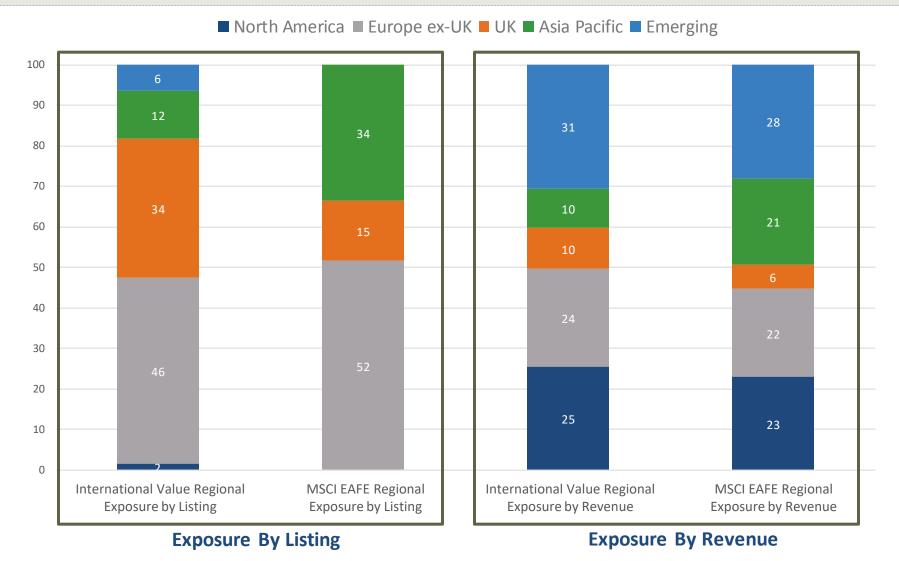






Geographic Exposure By Company Revenues

REVENUE EXPOSURE VERSUS LISTING EXPOSURE



Data sources: FactSet, Bloomberg, Causeway Analytics

Causeway estimates are based on latest available revenues reported by companies in a representative account portfolio on 6/30/2024, proportionate to holding weights. Israel is classified as Europe.



Top UK Holdings Are Global Franchises

REVENUE ANALYSIS SUGGESTS GREATER COUNTRY DIVERSIFICATION THAN IMPLIED BY THE LISTING

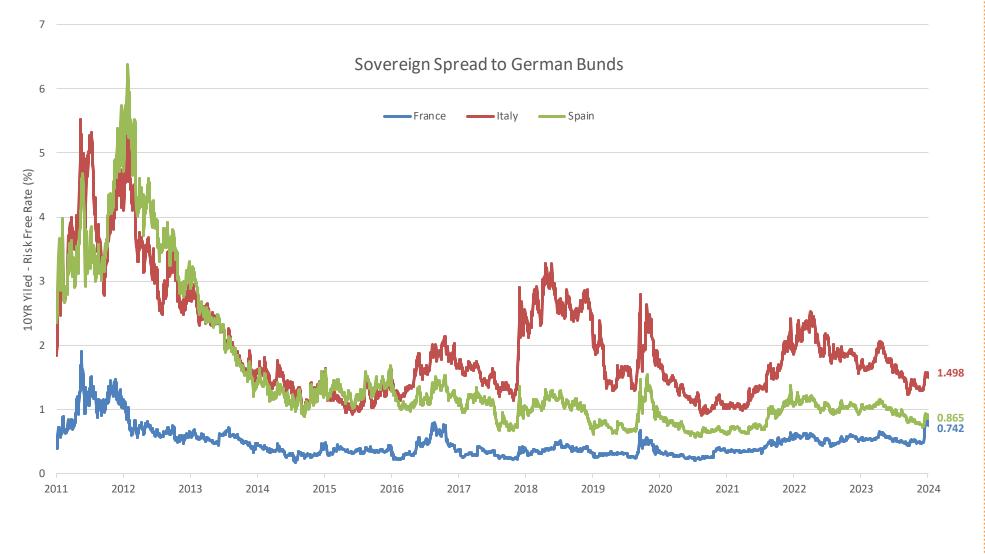
Company	Sector		Listing Country	% Domestic Revenue
Rolls Royce	Industrials		UK	13.5
Barclays	Financials		UK	52.4
BP	Energy		UK	19.0
Prudential plc	Financials	0	UK	0.0
Diageo	Staples	Ť	UK	6.1

Source: FactSet. This material is solely for client use and may not be reproduced without Causeway's consent. The companies shown are the five largest UK-listed holdings in a representative account following the international value strategy as of June 2024. The securities identified and described do not represent all of the securities purchased, sold, or recommended for client accounts. Our investment portfolios may or may not hold the securities mentioned. The reader should not assume that an investment in the securities identified was or will be profitable. For performance in your overall portfolio, see elsewhere in the report.



European Political Risk Has Increased But Remains Well Below Crisis Levels





As of June 2024. Source: Bloomberg. Risk free rate = German Bunds 10YR Yield.



International Value Equity

Top French Holdings Are Global Franchises

REVENUE ANALYSIS SUGGESTS GREATER COUNTRY DIVERSIFICATION THAN IMPLIED BY THE LISTING

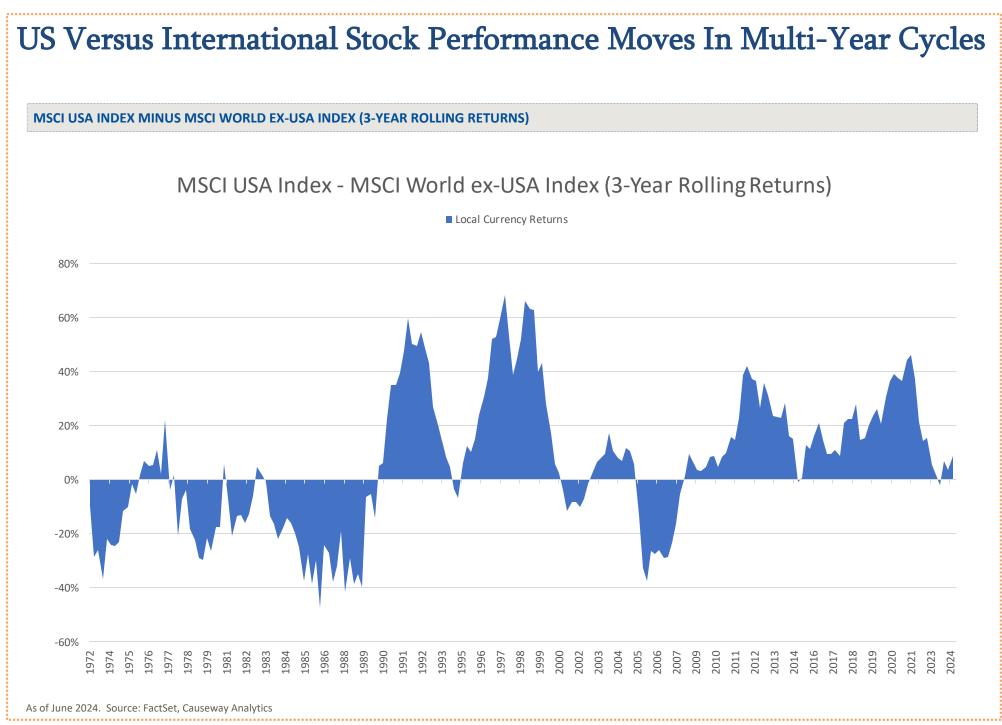
Company	Sector	Listing Country	% Domestic Revenue
Alstom	Industrials	France	15.6
Kering	Consumer	France	3.9
Compagnie de Saint-Gobain	Materials	France	25.7
Air Liquide	Materials	France	12.4
Sanofi	Healthcare	France	5.5

Source: FactSet. This material is solely for client use and may not be reproduced without Causeway's consent. The companies shown are the five largest France-listed holdings in a representative account following the international value strategy as of June 2024. The securities identified and described do not represent all of the securities purchased, sold, or recommended for client accounts. Our investment portfolios may or may not hold the securities mentioned. The reader should not assume that an investment in the securities identified was or will be profitable. For performance in your overall portfolio, see elsewhere in the report.



International Value Equity

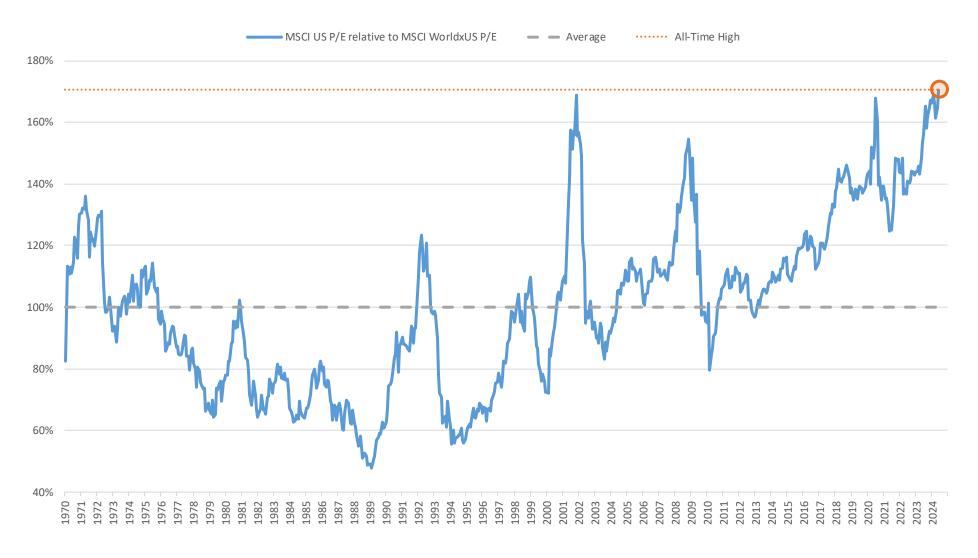
June 30, 2024



Causeway

US Stock Valuation Premium Hits New All-Time Highs

CAN US INVESTORS COUNT ON CONTINUED MULTIPLE EXPANSION TO DRIVE RELATIVE PERFORMANCE?

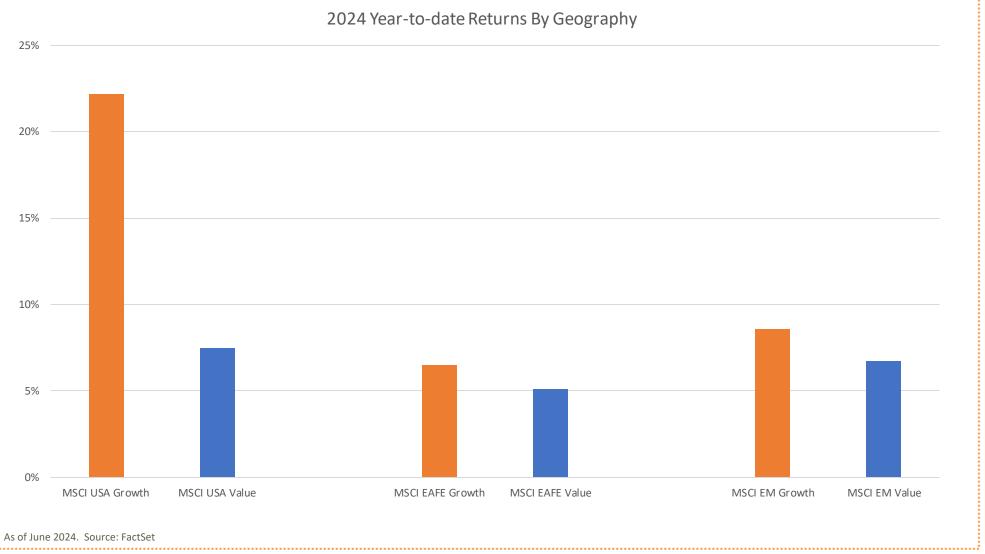


As of June 2024. P/E calculated using the last twelve months earnings. Source: FactSet

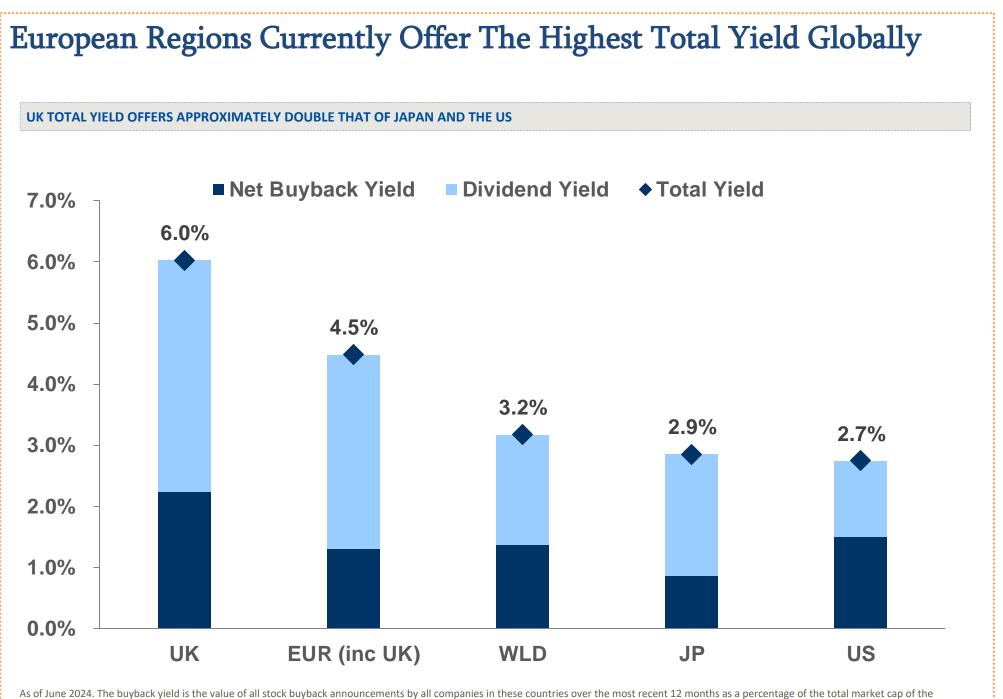


Growth Stocks Outperformed Value In Every Geography Through June



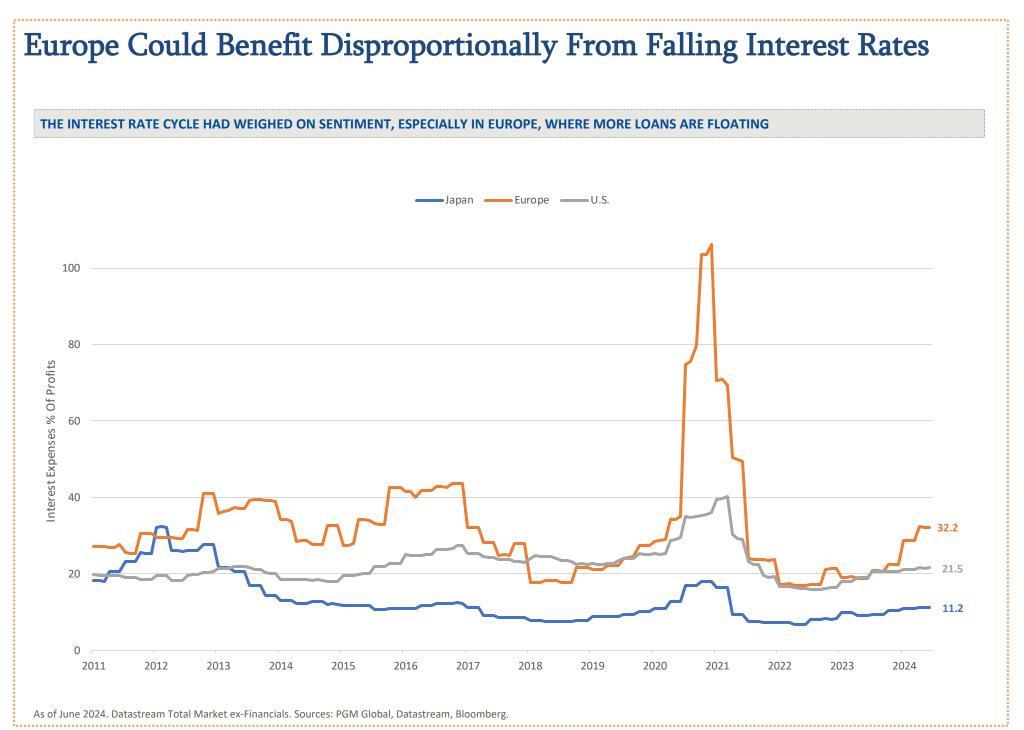






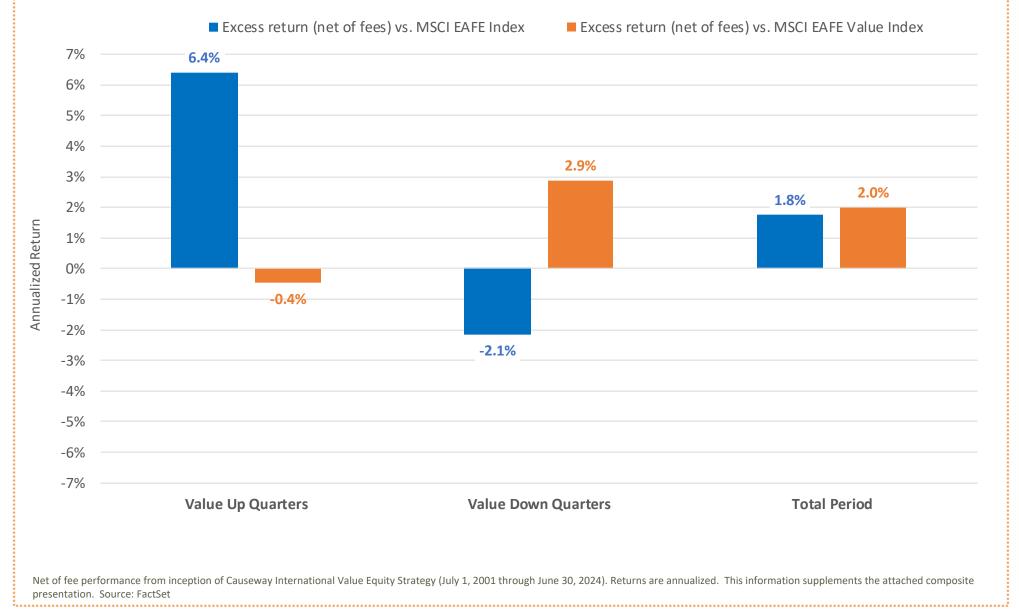
indices. Source: FactSet, Morgan Stanley Research.





Causeway

Causeway International Value Equity Strategy Has Outperformed Core And Value Indices Since Inception





Sustainability - Research, Integration and Engagement

- > Beliefs
 - Material sustainability factors have the potential to impact investment performance
- > Research
 - Research and develop proprietary sustainability metrics
- > Integrate
 - Provide training to fundamental analysts
 - Sustainability Navigator desktop application for fundamental sustainability assessment
 - Analyst accountability
 - Sustainability incorporated in fundamental stock analysis and investment memoranda
- > Engage
 - Engage with selected portfolio companies where we have material sustainability questions
 - Use structured process to plan, execute and log engagements
 - Share sustainability research with peers in investment community globally through publications and conference presentations

Signatory of:





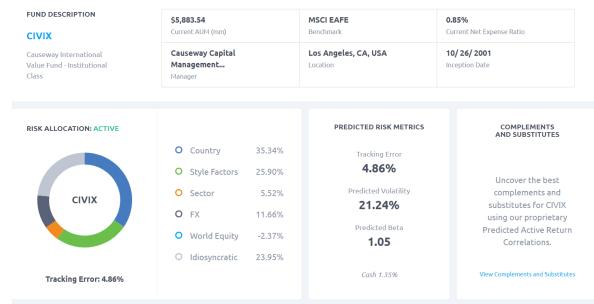
Know Your Portfolio – Use Risk Lens



CIVIX - Causeway International Value Fund - Institutional Class

- Risk Lens is an *equity portfolio* analytics tool. It identifies active style and risk exposures. It shows forecast risk measures and predicts fund return correlations.
- It's web-based, easy to use and continuously enhanced with new features. And it's free.
- Risk Lens calculates predicted active return correlation to find complementary and substitute funds. This helps users avoid overlap and diversify between funds.

Visit <u>https://analytics.causewaycap.com/#risklens</u>



TOP RISK POLICIES: ACTIVE

POLICY	ACTIVE EXP.	TCAR	% OF TOTAL	STOCK
STYLE-Momentum	-0.25	0.75%	15.48%	ROLLS ROYCE HLDGS
Japan	-13.58%	0.72%	14.86%	UNICREDIT SPA
STYLE-Cyclicality	0.36	0.50%	10.22%	AMADEUS IT GROUP
Japanese Yen	-13.58%	0.34%	6.95%	BP
Spain	5.56%	0.30%	6.16%	TOTALENERGIES SE

View Top 25 Risk Policies

	4.550/	0.000	10 1001
ROLLS ROYCE HLDGS	4.55%	0.90%	18.43%
UNICREDIT SPA	3.39%	0.53%	10.84%
AMADEUS IT GROUP	2.88%	0.37%	7.67%
BP	2.58%	0.33%	6.70%
TOTALENERGIES SE	2.36%	0.30%	6.09%
	View Top 25 Stocks		

ACTIVE EXP.

Holdings are subject to change

TOP STOCKS: ACTIVE

Causeway Risk Lens is an investment analysis tool for investment professional use only. The projections or other information generated by Risk Lens regarding the likelihood of various investment outcomes are hypothetical in nature, do not reflect actual investment results and are not guarantees of future results. Risk Lens is not intended to be relied on for investment advice and is for illustration only. Carefully review the important disclosures that accompany Risk Lens reports. The securities identified and described do not represent all of the securities purchased, sold or recommended for advisory clients, and the reader should not assume that investments in the securities identified and discussed were or will be profitable.



International Value Equity June 30, 2024 % OF TOTAL

TCAR

Disclosures

This presentation is as of June 2024 and should not be relied on as research or investment advice regarding any investment. These views and characteristics are subject to change, and there is no guarantee that any forecasts made will come to pass. Forecasts are subject to numerous assumptions, risks and uncertainties which change over time, and Causeway undertakes no duty to update any such forecasts. Our investment portfolio may or may not hold the securities mentioned, and the securities identified and described do not represent all of the securities purchased, sold or recommended for client accounts. The recipient should not assume that an investment in the securities identified was or will be profitable. Information and data presented has been developed internally and/or obtained from sources believed to be reliable; however, Causeway does not guarantee the accuracy, adequacy or completeness of such information.

Past performance is no guarantee of future performance. In addition to the normal risks associated with investing, international investments may involve risk of capital loss from unfavorable fluctuation in currency values, from differences in generally accepted accounting principles or from economic or political instability in other nations. Emerging markets involve heightened risks related to the same factors as well as increased volatility and lower trading volume. Investments in smaller companies involve additional risks and typically exhibit higher volatility.

Index definitions: The MSCI EAFE Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization index that is designed to measure the equity market performance of developed markets, excluding the U.S. & Canada. The MSCI World Index captures large and mid-cap representation across 23 Developed Markets countries. The MSCI World ex USA Index captures large and mid-cap representation across 24 Emerging Markets (EM) countries. The MSCI Value variations of the indices are a subset of the referenced index, and target 50% coverage of the respective indices, with value investment style characteristics for index construction using three variables: book value to price, 12-month forward earnings to price, and dividend yield. The MSCI Growth variations of the indices are also a subset of the referenced index, and target to measure the performance of the large and mid cap segments of the US market. With 619 constituents, the index covers approximately 85% of the free float-adjusted market capitalization in the US. The performance of dividends and capital gains, and assumes no management, custody, transaction or other expenses. The MSCI World ex USA Index captures large and mid-cap representation across 22 of 23 Developed Markets countries in Europe. The MSCI USA Index is designed to measure the performance of the large and mid cap segments of the US market. With 619 constituents, the index covers approximately 85% of the free float-adjusted market capitalization in the US. The performance of the indices is gross of withholding taxes, assumes reinvestment of dividends and capital gains, and assumes no management, custody, transaction or other expenses. The MSCI World ex USA Index captures large and mid-cap representation across 22 of 23 Developed Markets countries - excluding the United States. It is not possible to invest directly in an index. MSCI has not approved, reviewed or produced this report, makes no express or implied waranties or representations and is not liable whatsoever for any data in the report. You may not redistribut

For further information on the risks regarding investing in Causeway's strategies, please go to https://www.causewaycap.com/wp-content/uploads/Risk-Disclosures.pdf



CAUSEWAY CAPITAL MANAGEMENT LLC

International Value Equity Composite SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT PERFORMANCE RESULTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM June 11, 2001 (Inception) THROUGH December 31, 2022 COMPOSITE INCEPTION DATE: June 2001 COMPOSITE CREATION DATE: June 2001

Year	Gross-of-Fees Return (%)	Net-of-Fees Return (%)	Benchmark Return (%) ^a	Number of Portfolios in Composite at End of Period	Composite Dispersion (%)	Composite 3-Yr St Dev (%)	Benchmark 3-Yr St Dev (%)ª	Composite Assets at End of Period (\$ millions)	Total Firm Assets at End of Period (\$ millions)	Total Advisory-Only Firm Assets at End of Period (\$ millions)	of Composite Assets in Bundled Fee Portfolios at End of Period
2001 ^c	(5.39)	(5.45)	(11.68)	9	N/M	N/A ^b	N/A	996.57	1,278.49	N/A	0.00
2002	(8.90)	(9.19)	(15.66)	14	0.50	N/A ^b	N/A	1,566.29	2,259.30	N/A	13.87
2003	48.38	47.82	39.17	15	0.42	N/A ^b	N/A	2,445.87	5,466.29	N/A	17.22
2004	29.54	28.99	20.70	29	0.65	17.72	15.45	4,509.76	10,823.91	N/A	15.47
2005	8.98	8.49	14.02	41	0.55	12.43	11.39	6,908.47	14,967.46	N/A	13.17
2006	27.55	27.02	26.86	44	0.33	8.84	9.29	8,830.90	18,476.08	N/A	13.15
2007	9.84	9.39	11.63	42	0.42	8.42	9.41	8,371.15	17,599.18	N/A	14.69
2008	(42.97)	(43.22)	(43.06)	36	0.43	19.91	19.26	4,027.87	8,407.24	237.88	15.10
2009	37.74	37.12	32.46	31	0.71	25.21	23.65	4,181.38	9,783.34	408.74	8.01
2010	13.91	13.42	8.21	34	0.57	28.37	26.28	5,402.52	11,690.18	497.39	6.23
2011	(10.16)	(10.54)	(11.73)	35	0.32	24.66	22.45	5,433.67	10,966.08	710.15	6.60
2012	24.58	24.07	17.90	41	0.32	21.13	19.32	7,215.47	15,242.40	947.58	7.48
2013	27.61	27.09	23.29	46	0.38	17.28	16.22	11,590.47	25,749.58	2,038.22	6.94
2014	(4.61)	(4.99)	(4.48)	48	0.32	12.91	12.99	12,190.35	33,630.22	3,436.32	7.76
2015	(1.91)	(2.31)	(0.39)	52	0.22	11.96	12.47	12,712.05	38,585.19	2,630.69	8.83
2016	1.12	0.70	1.51	53	0.30	12.12	12.48	14,236.62	41,731.32	2,322.17	8.22
2017	28.55	28.02	25.62	47	0.26	11.78	11.85	16,306.73	55,606.75	3,065.72	9.28
2018	(18.04)	(18.38)	(13.36)	46	0.25	11.95	11.27	12,657.03	48,462.26	2,723.16	8.72
2019	22.49	21.99	22.66	38	0.70	13.01	10.80	12,740.65	49,889.09	2,958.84	8.41
2020	6.06	5.63	8.28	29	0.97	25.33	17.87	11,778.48	42,093.18	3,073.49	7.15
2021	10.54	10.13	11.78	25	0.64	25.09	16.89	11,208.34	41,024.68	3,896.93	0.00
2022	(7.22)	(7.56)	(14.01)	28	0.83	26.52	19.95	10,092.48	34,674.99	3,807.03	0.00

N/M - Not considered meaningful for 5 portfolios or less for the full year. a - Not covered by the report of independent accountants. b - N/A as period since composite inception is less than 36 months. c - Partial period shown (June 11, 2001 - December 31, 2001).



International Value Equity

Percentage

June 30, 2024

Causeway Capital Management LLC (Causeway) claims compliance with the Global Investment Performance Standards (GIPS[®]) and has prepared and presented this report in compliance with the GIPS standards. Causeway has been independently verified for the periods June 11, 2001 through December 31, 2022.

A firm that claims compliance with the GIPS standards must establish policies and procedures for complying with all the applicable requirements of the GIPS standards. Verification provides assurance on whether the firm's policies and procedures related to composite and pooled fund maintenance, as well as the calculation, presentation, and distribution of performance, have been designed in compliance with the GIPS standards and have been implemented on a firm-wide basis. The International Value Equity Composite (International Composite) has had a performance examination for the periods June 11, 2001 through December 31, 2022. The verification and performance examination reports are available upon request.

GIPS[®] is a registered trademark of CFA Institute. CFA Institute does not endorse or promote this organization, nor does it warrant the accuracy or quality of the content contained herein.

The Firm, Causeway, is organized as a Delaware limited liability company and began operations in June 2001. It is registered as an investment adviser with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940. Registration does not imply a certain level of skill or training. Causeway manages international, global, and emerging markets equity assets primarily for institutional clients including corporations, pension plans, sovereign wealth funds, superannuation funds, public retirement plans, Taft-Hartley pension plans, endowments and foundations, mutual funds and other collective investment vehicles, charities, private trusts and funds, model and SMA programs, and other institutions. The Firm includes all discretionary and non-discretionary accounts managed by Causeway.

The International Composite includes all U.S. dollar denominated, discretionary accounts in the international value equity strategy which do not apply a minimum market capitalization requirement of \$5 billion or higher, permit investments in South Korean companies after October 2003, do not regularly experience daily external cash flows, and are not constrained by socially responsible investment restrictions. The international value equity strategy seeks long-term growth of capital and income through investment primarily in equity securities of companies in developed countries located outside the U.S. New accounts are included in the International Composite after the first full month under management, except as noted below. Terminated accounts are included in the International Composite through the last full month under management. From June 2001 through November 2001, the International Composite included a non-fee-paying account with total assets of approximately \$2 million. This was the sole account in the International Composite from June through September 2001. The account was included in the International Composite at account inception because it was fully invested at inception. A complete list and description of Firm composites is available upon request.

Account returns are calculated daily. Monthly account returns are calculated by geometrically linking the daily returns. The return of the International Composite is calculated monthly by weighting monthly account returns by the beginning market values. Valuations and returns are computed and stated in U.S. dollars. Returns include the reinvestment of interest, dividends and any capital gains. Returns are calculated gross of withholding taxes on dividends, interest income, and capital gains. The Firm's policies for valuing portfolios, calculating performance, and preparing compliant presentations are available upon request. Past performance is no guarantee of future performance. Composite dispersion, if applicable, is calculated using the equal-weighted standard deviation of all portfolios that were included in the International Composite for the entire year. The three-year annualized ex-post standard deviation quantifies the variability of the composite or benchmark returns over the preceding 36-month period.

The MSCI EAFE Index benchmark is a free float-adjusted market capitalization weighted index, designed to measure developed market equity performance excluding the U.S. and Canada, consisting of 21 stock markets in Europe, Australasia, and the Far East. The Index is gross of withholding taxes, assumes reinvestment of dividends and capital gains, and assumes no management, custody, transaction or other expenses. Accounts in the International Composite may invest in countries not included in the MSCI EAFE Index.

Gross-of-fees returns are presented before management, performance and custody fees but after trading expenses. Net-of-fees returns are presented after the deduction of actual management fees, performance-based fees, and all trading expenses, but before custody fees. For bundled fee portfolios, net-of-fees returns are presented after the deduction of actual management fees, all trading expenses, custody fees, and fund accounting fees. Causeway's basic management fee schedules are described in its Firm brochure pursuant to Part 2 of Form ADV. The basic separate account annual fee schedule for international value equity assets under management is: 0.60% of the first \$200 million and 0.45% thereafter. The highest fee schedule for two series of a private commingled vehicle, which are included in the International Composite, is 0.75% on the first \$10 million, 0.65% on the next \$40 million, and 0.50% thereafter. The highest expense ratio and the highest all-in fee for a collective investment trust (CIT), which is included in the International Composite, is 0.95%. The fee schedule for the CIT is an all-in fee, and represents fees paid to the trustee of the CIT, which covers normal operating fees and expenses of the CIT, and compensation to the trustee and to Causeway as the investment manager. Accounts in the International Composite may have di¿erent fee schedules or pay performance-based fees or bundled fees include management, custody, and fund accounting fees.

MSCI has not approved, reviewed or produced this report, makes no express or implied warranties or representations, and is not liable whatsoever for any data in the report. You may not redistribute the MSCI data or use it as a basis for other indices or investment products.



This presentation expresses Causeway's views as of 6/30/2024 and should not be relied on as research or investment advice regarding any stock. These views and any portfolio holdings and characteristics are subject to change. There is no guarantee that any forecasts made will come to pass. Forecasts are subject to numerous assumptions, risks, and uncertainties, which change over time, and Causeway undertakes no duty to update any such forecasts. Information and data presented has been developed internally and/or obtained from sources believed to be reliable; however, Causeway does not guarantee the accuracy, adequacy, or completeness of such information. Our investment portfolios may or may not hold the securities mentioned, and the securities identified and described do not represent all of the securities purchased, sold or recommended for client accounts. The reader should not assume that an investment in the securities identified was or will be profitable.

Past performance is no guarantee of future performance. In addition to the normal risks associated with investing, international investments may involve risk of capital loss from unfavorable fluctuation in currency values, from differences in generally accepted accounting principles or from economic or political instability in other nations. Emerging markets involve heightened risks related to the same factors as well as increased volatility and lower trading volume. Investments in smaller companies involve additional risks and typically exhibit higher volatility. Please see below for additional risks associated with investing in Causeway's strategies.

The benchmark index for the international value strategy is the MSCI EAFE Index. This Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization weighted index, designed to measure developed market equity performance excluding the U.S. and Canada, consisting of 21 stock markets in Europe, Australasia, and the Far East. The MSCI EAFE Value Index captures large and mid-cap securities exhibiting overall value style characteristics across the MSCI EAFE Index markets. The value investment style characteristics for index construction are defined using three variables: book value to price, 12-month forward earnings to price and dividend yield. The MSCI EAFE Growth Index captures large and mid-cap securities exhibiting overall growth style characteristics across the MSCI EAFE Index markets. The growth investment style characteristics for index construction are defined using five variables: long-term forward EPS growth rate, short-term forward EPS growth rate, current internal growth rate and long-term historical sales per share growth trend.

The indices are gross of withholding taxes, assume reinvestment of dividends and capital gains, and assume no management, custody, transaction or other expenses. It is not possible to invest directly in these indices. MSCI has not approved, reviewed, or produced this report, makes no express or implied warranties or representations and is not liable whatsoever for any data in the report. You may not redistribute the MSCI data or use it as a basis for other indices or investment products. Accounts will not be invested in all the constituent securities of their benchmark indices at all times, and may hold securities not included in their benchmark indices.



This contains information about the general risks of Causeway's investment strategies. As with any investment strategy, there can be no guarantee that a strategy will meet its goals or that the strategy's performance will be positive for any period of time. The principal risks of Causeway's strategies' are listed below:

1. Market and Selection Risk

Market risk is the risk that markets will go down in value. Global economies are increasingly interconnected, and political, economic and other conditions and events (including, but not limited to, war, conflicts, natural disasters, pandemics, epidemics, inflation/deflation, and social unrest) in one country or region might adversely impact a different country or region. Furthermore, the occurrence of severe weather or geological events, fires, floods, earthquakes, climate change or other natural or man-made disasters, outbreaks of disease, epidemics and pandemics, malicious acts, cyber-attacks or terrorist acts, among other events, could adversely impact the performance of client portfolios. These events may result in, among other consequences, closing borders, exchange closures, health screenings, healthcare service delays, quarantines, cancellations, supply chain disruptions, lower consumer demand, market volatility and general uncertainty. These events could adversely impact issuers, markets and economics over the short- and long-term, including in ways that cannot necessarily be foreseen. Clients could be negatively impacted if the value of a portfolio holding were harmed by political or economic conditions or events. Moreover, negative political and economic conditions and events could disrupt the processes necessary for the management of clients' portfolios.

For example, on January 31, 2020, the United Kingdom officially withdrew from the EU (such departure from the EU, ("Brexit"). On December 24, 2020, the EU and United Kingdom signed the EU-United Kingdom Trade and Cooperation Agreement (the "TCA"), which formally took effect on May 1, 2021 and now governs the relationship between the EU and the United Kingdom. Notwithstanding the TCA, certain aspects of the relationship between the United Kingdom and EU remain unresolved and subject to further negotiation and agreement. As such, there remains uncertainty as to the scope, nature, and terms of the relationship between the United Kingdom and the EU and the effect and implications of the TCA.

The actual and potential consequences of Brexit, and the associated uncertainty, have adversely affected, and for the foreseeable future may adversely affect, economic and market conditions in the United Kingdom, in the EU and its member states and elsewhere, and may also contribute to uncertainty and instability in global financial markets. This uncertainty may, at any stage, adversely affect client investments. There may be detrimental implications for the value of an account's investments and/or the ability to implement client investment programs. This may be due to, among other things: (i) increased uncertainty and volatility in United Kingdom, EU and other financial markets; (ii) fluctuations in asset values; (iii) fluctuations in exchange rates; (iv) increased illiquidity of investments located, listed or traded within the United Kingdom, the EU or elsewhere; (v) changes in the willingness or ability of financial and other counterparties to enter into transactions, or the price at which and terms on which they are prepared to transact; and/or (vi) changes in legal and regulatory regimes to which a client or certain of its assets are or become subject.

The withdrawal of the United Kingdom from the EU could have a material impact on the United Kingdom's economy and its future growth, impacting adversely an account's investments in the United Kingdom. It could also result in prolonged uncertainty regarding aspects of the United Kingdom's economy and damage customers' and investors' confidence. Any of these events could have a material adverse effect on an account. Furthermore, client portfolios could be adversely affected if one or more countries leave the euro currency. War, terrorism and related responses and events could cause substantial market volatility, disrupt food operations and adversely affect client performance. For example, Russia's invasion of Ukraine in February 2022, the resulting responses by the U.S. and other countries, and the potential for wider conflict, have increased and may continue to increase volatility and uncertainty in financial markets worldwide. The U.S. and other countries have imposed broad-ranging economic sanctions on Russia and Russian entities and individuals, and may impose additional sanctions, including on other countries that provide military or economic support to Russia. These sanctions, among other things, restrict companies from doing business with Russia and Russian issuers, and may adversely affect companies with economic or financial exposure to Russia and Russian issuers. The extent and duration of Russia's military actions and the repercussions of such actions are not known. The invasion may widen beyond Ukraine and may escalate, including through retaliatory actions and cyberattacks by Russia and even other countries. These events may result in further and significant market disruptions and may adversely affect regional and global economies including those of Europe and the U.S. Certain industries and markets, such as those involving oil, natural gas and other commodities, as well as global supply chains, may be particularly adversely affect. Whether or not an account invests in securities of issuers located i

In addition, exchanges and securities markets may close early, close late or issue trading halts on specific securities, which may result in, among other things, an account being unable to buy or sell certain securities or financial instruments at an advantageous time or accurately price its portfolio investments.



Selection risk is the risk that the investments that a strategy's portfolio managers select will underperform the market or strategies managed by other investment managers with similar investment objectives and investment strategies. Causeway's use of quantitative screens and techniques may be adversely affected if it relies on erroneous or outdated data.

2. Management Risk

Causeway's opinion about the intrinsic worth of a company or security may be incorrect; Causeway may not make timely purchases or sales of securities or changes in exposures for clients; a client's investment objective may not be achieved; or the market may continue to undervalue securities holdings or exposures, or overvalue short exposures. In addition, Causeway may not be able to dispose of certain securities holdings or exposures in a timely manner. Certain securities or other instruments in which an account seeks to invest may not be available in the quantities desired. In addition, regulatory restrictions, policies, and procedures to manage actual or potential conflicts of interest, or other considerations may cause Causeway to restrict or prohibit participation in certain investments.

3. Issuer-Specific Risk

The value of an individual security or particular type of security can be more volatile than the market as a whole and can perform differently from the value of the market as a whole due to, for example: a reason directly related to the issuer; management performance; financial leverage; reduced demand for the issuer's goods or services; the historical and prospective earnings of the issuer; or the value of the issuer's assets. In particular, concentrated strategies may hold a smaller number of holdings, subjecting accounts using these strategies to increased issuer risk, including the risk that the value of a security may decline.

4. Value Stock Risk

Value stocks are subject to the risks that their intrinsic value may never be realized by the market and that their prices may go down. Causeway's value discipline sometimes prevents or limits investments in stocks that are in a strategy's benchmark index.

5. Dividend-Paying Stock Risk

Dividend-paying stocks may underperform non-dividend paying stocks (and the stock market as a whole) over any period of time. The prices of dividend-paying stocks may decline as interest rates increase. In addition, issuers of dividend-paying stocks typically have discretion to defer or stop paying dividends. If the dividend-paying stocks held by an account reduce or stop paying dividends, the account's ability to generate income may be adversely affected.

6. Quantitative Strategy Risk

Data for emerging markets companies may be less available and/or less current than data for developed markets companies. Causeway will use quantitative techniques to generate investment decisions and its analysis and stock selection can be adversely affected if it relies on erroneous or outdated data. Any errors in Causeway's quantitative methods may adversely affect performance. In addition, securities selected using quantitative analysis can perform differently from the market as a whole as a result of the factors used in the analysis, the weight assigned to a stock-specific factor for a stock or the weight placed on each factor, and changes in a factor's historical trends. The factors used in quantitative analysis and the weights assigned to a stock-specific factor for a stock or the weight placed on each factor may not predict a security's value, and the effectiveness of the factors can change over time. These changes may not be reflected in the current quantitative model.

7. Foreign and Emerging Markets Risk

Foreign security investment involves special risks not present in U.S. investments that can increase the chances that an account will lose money. For example, the value of an account's securities may be affected by social, political and economic developments and U.S. and foreign laws relating to foreign investment. Further, because accounts invest in securities denominated in foreign currencies,



accounts' securities may go down in value depending on foreign exchange rates. Other risks include trading, settlement, custodial, and other operational risks; withholding or other taxes; and the less stringent investor protection and disclosure standards of some foreign markets. All of these factors can make foreign securities less liquid, more volatile, and harder to value than U.S. securities. These risks are higher for emerging markets and frontier market investments, which can be subject to greater social, economic, regulatory and political uncertainties. These risks are also higher for investments in smaller and medium capitalization companies. These risks, and other risks of investing in foreign securities, are explained further below.

- The economies of some foreign markets often do not compare favorably with that of the U.S. with respect to such issues as growth of gross domestic product, reinvestment of capital, resources, and balance of payments positions. Certain foreign economies may rely heavily on particular industries or foreign capital. For example, weakening of global demand for oil may negatively affect the economies of countries that rely on the energy industry. They may be more vulnerable to adverse diplomatic developments, the imposition of economic sanctions against a country, changes in international trading patterns, trade barriers and other protectionist or retaliatory measures.
- Governmental actions such as the imposition of capital controls, nationalization of companies or industries, expropriation of assets or the imposition of punitive taxes may adversely affect investments in foreign markets.
- The governments of certain countries may prohibit or substantially restrict foreign investing in their capital markets or in certain industries, or may restrict the sale of certain holdings once purchased. In addition, the U.S. government may restrict U.S. investors, including Causeway and its clients, from investing in certain foreign issuers. Any of these restrictions could severely affect security prices; impair an account's ability to purchase or sell foreign securities or transfer its assets or income back to the U.S.; result in forced selling of securities or an inability to participate in an investment Causeway otherwise believes is attractive; or otherwise adversely affect an account's operations.
- Other foreign market risks include foreign exchange controls, difficulties in pricing securities, defaults on foreign government securities, difficulties in enforcing favorable legal judgments in
 foreign courts, and political and social instability. Legal remedies available to investors in certain foreign countries are less extensive than those available to investors in the U.S. or other foreign
 countries Many foreign governments supervise and regulate stock exchanges, brokers and the sale of securities less than the U.S. government does. Foreign corporate governance may not be as
 robust as in more developed countries. As a result, protections for minority investors may not be strong, which could affect security prices.
- Accounting standards in other countries are not necessarily the same as in the U.S. If the accounting standards in another country do not require as much disclosure or detail as U.S. accounting standards, it may be harder for the portfolio managers to completely and accurately determine a company's financial condition or find reliable and current data to process using quantitative techniques. U.S. regulators may be unable to enforce a company's regulatory obligations.
- Because there are usually fewer investors on foreign exchanges and smaller numbers of shares traded each day, it may be difficult for an account to buy and sell securities on those exchanges. In addition, prices of foreign securities may fluctuate more than prices of securities traded in the U.S.
- Foreign markets may have different clearance and settlement procedures. In certain markets, settlements may not keep pace with the volume of securities transactions. If this occurs, settlement may be delayed and the assets in a client's account may be uninvested and may not be earning returns. An account also may miss investment opportunities or not be able to sell an investment because of these delays.
- If permitted by a client, Causeway may (but is not obligated to) cause an account to enter into forward currency contracts or swaps to purchase and sell securities for the purpose of increasing or decreasing exposure to foreign currency fluctuations from one country to another, or from or to the Eurozone region, in the case of the Euro. There can be no assurance that such instruments will be effective as hedges against currency fluctuations or as speculative investments. Moreover, these currency contracts or swaps are derivatives (see "Derivatives Risk" below).
- Changes in foreign currency exchange rates will affect the value of an account's foreign holdings. Further, companies in foreign countries may conduct business or issue debt denominated in currencies other than their domestic currencies, creating additional risk if there is any disruption, abrupt change in the currency markets, or illiquidity in the trading of such currencies.
- The costs of foreign securities transactions tend to be higher than those of U.S. transactions.
- International trade barriers or economic sanctions against foreign countries may adversely affect an account's foreign holdings.



The performance of some of Causeway's strategies, in particular the emerging markets and China equity strategies, may be affected by the social, political, and economic conditions within China. After decades of unprecedented growth, China currently faces several headwinds, including a slowing economy, high municipal debt, slowing manufacturing and exports, high youth unemployment, a housing market downturn and deflation. China's securities markets have less regulation and are substantially smaller, less liquid and more volatile than the securities markets of more developed countries, and hence are more susceptible to manipulation, insider trading, and other market abuses. As with all transition countries, China's ability to develop and sustain a credible legal, regulatory. monetary and socioeconomic system could influence the course of outside investment. China has yet to develop comprehensive securities, corporate, or commercial laws; its market is relatively new and undeveloped; and the rate of growth of its economy is slowing. Government policies have recently contributed to economic growth and prosperity in China, but such policies could be altered or discontinued at any time, and without notice. Changes in government policy and slower economic growth may restrict or adversely affect an account's investments. There is no guarantee that the Chinese government will take action to support real estate or financial markets, or that any action taken by the government would be effective. Such events, including government intervention, could have a significant adverse impact on the Chinese, regional and global markets and on an account's holdings. In addition, certain accounts may obtain exposure to the China A-Share market through participation notes, warrants or similar equity-linked notes, which are derivative instruments that can be volatile and involve special risks including counterparty risk, liquidity risk, and basis risk. These instruments may be based on an index or exposures selected by Causeway. Alternatively, certain accounts may directly invest in China A-Shares listed and traded on the Shanghai Stock Exchange or Shenzhen Stock Exchange through the Shanghai-Hong Kong or Shenzhen – Hong Kong Stock Connect links ("Stock Connect"). Trading through Stock Connect is subject to a number of risks including, among others, trading, clearance and settlement risks, currency exchange risks, political and economic instability, inflation, confiscatory taxation, nationalization, expropriation, Chinese securities market volatility, less reliable financial information, differences in accounting, auditing, and financial standards and requirements from those applicable to U.S. issuers, and uncertainty of implementation of existing law in the People's Republic of China. Further developments are likely and there can be no assurance of Stock Connect's continued existence or whether future developments regarding the program may restrict or adversely affect an account's investments or returns. In addition, securities of certain Chinese issuers are, or may in the future become, restricted, and a client account may be forced to sell these restricted securities and incur a loss as a result.

Certain accounts may gain exposure to certain operating companies in China through legal structures known as variable interest entities ("VIEs"). In China, ownership of companies in certain sectors by non-Chinese individuals and entities (including U.S. persons and entities) is prohibited. To facilitate indirect non-Chinese investment, many China-based operating companies have created VIE structures. In a VIE structure, a China-based operating company establishes an entity outside of China that enters into service and other contracts with the China-based operating company. Shares of the entities established outside of China are often listed and traded on an exchange. Non-Chinese investors hold equity interests in the entities established outside of China rather than directly in the China-based operating companies. This arrangement allows U.S. investors to obtain economic exposure to the China-based operating company. In addition, certain accounts may be exposed to certain associated risks, including the risks that: the Chinese government could subject the China-based operating company to penalties, revocation of business and operating licenses or forfeiture of ownership interests; the Chinese government may outlaw the VIE structure, which could cause an uncertain negative impact to existing investors in the VIE structure; if the contracts underlying the VIE structure are not honored by the China-based operating company or if there is otherwise a dispute, the contracts may not be enforced by Chinese courts; and shareholders of the China-based operating company may leverage the VIE structure to their benefit and to the detriment of the investors in the VIE structure. If any of these actions were to occur, the market value of investments in VIEs would likely fall, causing investment losses, which could be substantial.

On March 31, 2023, the "Trial Administrative Measures of Overseas Securities Offering and Listing by Domestic Companies" (the "Trial Measures") by the CSRC came into effect. The Trial Measures requires Chinese companies that pursue listings outside of China, including those that do so using the VIE structure, to make a filing with the CSRC. Although the Trial Measures acknowledge the VIE structure, they are not an endorsement, nor is there a guarantee the CSRC will not set out more stringent requirements that interfere with the operation of VIE structures by listed Chinese companies.

The PCAOB historical has been restricted from inspecting the audit work and practices of registered accountants in the PRC. On August 26, 2022, the PCAOB entered into an agreement with the China Securities Regulatory Commission and the Ministry of Finance of the PRC that permits the PCAOB to inspect registered accountants headquartered in mainland China and Hong Kong. There remains uncertainty as to whether the PRC will allow the PCAOB unrestricted access to the audit papers of PRC issuers. As a result, there continues to be the risk that audits performed by registered accountants in mainland China and Hong Kong may continue to be less reliable than those performed by other firms subject to PCAOB inspection, and that material accounting and financial information about PRC issuers may be unavailable or unreliable.



8. Small and Medium Capitalization Companies Risk

Some of Causeway's strategies, and in particular the international small cap, global small cap, and emerging markets strategies, may invest in smaller and medium capitalization issuers. The values of securities of smaller and medium capitalization companies, which may be less well-known companies, can be more sensitive to, and react differently to, company, political, market, and economic developments than the market as a whole and other types of securities. Smaller and medium capitalization companies can have more limited product lines, markets, growth prospects, depth of management, and financial resources, and these companies may have shorter operating histories and less access to financing, creating additional risk. Smaller and medium capitalization companies in countries with less-liquid currencies may have difficulties in financing and conducting their business. Further, smaller and medium capitalization companies may be particularly affected by interest rate increases, as they may find it more difficult to borrow money to continue or expand operations, or may have difficulty in repaying any loans that have floating rates. Because of these and other risks, securities of smaller and medium capitalization companies tend to be more volatile and less liquid than securities of larger capitalization companies. During some periods, securities of smaller and medium capitalization companies, as asset classes, have underperformed the securities of larger capitalization companies.



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